# NEW DIMENSION RESOURCES LTD.

#### CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at and for the three and nine months ended FEBRUARY 28, 2019

 $Unaudited-Prepared\ by\ management$ 

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended February 28,2019.

# **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited As at

			-
	Note	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
ASSETS		<u> </u>	·
Current			
Cash	_	180,486	3,637,549
Receivables	3	291,165	172,296
Prepaid expenses		18,797 490,448	3,810,482
Non-current		490,446	3,810,482
Receivables	3	512 511	176 576
	3	512,511 19,007	476,576
Property, plant and equipment Exploration and evaluation assets	6	5,478,776	3,452,153
Exploration and evaluation assets	Ü		
		6,010,294	3,928,729
TOTAL ASSETS		6,500,742	7,739,211
LIABILITIES			
Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4	668,692	964,932
Other liabilities		88,775	-
Contractual obligation payable	7	381,521	391,500
		1,138,988	1,356,432
Non-current			
Contractual obligation payable	7	1,526,086	1,487,210
		1,526,086	1,487,210
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Share capital	8	13,508.352	13,508,352
Reserves – warrants		322,680	322,680
Reserves – options		1,336,514	763,297
Reserves – foreign currency translation		(316,816)	1,722
Reserves - other Accumulated deficit		197,315 (11,212,377)	(9,700,482)
Accumulated deficit		3,835,668	4,895,569
MODELL ALL DAY MINES AND FOLLOW.		( 500 F40	7.720.211
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		6,500,742	7,739,211
Nature of operations and going concern Basis of presentation	1		
Subsequent events	2 13		
•			
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD ON	_		
Eric Roth		Parsons	
Director	Direc	ctor	

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements -

# Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Income or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income or Loss

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited For the period ended

			Three mont	hs ended	Nine mor	nths ended
	Note		February 28, 2019	February 28, 2018 \$	February 28, 2019	February 28, 2018
General and administrative expenses Share-based payments	8		80,468	-	573,217	1,610
Management and administrative fees			137,445	7,030	458,747	15,355
Salaries and benefits			40,792	1,500	197,151	4,500
Office and general			22,062	3,671	124,241	20,722
Professional fees			27,873	42,789	87,550	96,274
Property investigation costs			<u>-</u>	-	-	32,559
Shareholder information and meetings			5,847	15,607	67,840	21,960
Regulatory and transfer agent fees			10,430	1,821	23,225	5,877
			(324,917)	(72,418)	(1,531,971)	(198,857)
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)			15,313	-	45,408	(724)
Interest and other income -net			(2,810)	-	12,763	-
Contractual obligation payable interest	7		(9,599)	-	(28,797)	-
Depreciation			(9,298)	<u> </u>	(9,298)	
Loss for the period			(331,311)	(72,418)	(1,511,895)	(199,581)
Other comprehensive gain/(loss)						
Net monetary gain	1		128,963	-	128,963	-
Foreign currency translation			1,014,183	-	(447,501)	-
Comprehensive gain/(loss) for the period		_	811,835	(72,418)	(1,830,433)	(199,581)
Loss per share – basic and diluted		\$	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.03)	(0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding			48,499,732	21,756,216	48,499,732	21,756,216

<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements -

Supplemental cash flow information

# **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited For the nine months ended

February 28, 2018	February 28, 2019	Note	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Cash provided by (used in):
			Operating activities
(199,581)	(1,511,895)		Loss for the period
			Items not affecting cash:
1,610	573,217	8	Share-based payments
-	28,797	7	Contractual obligation payable interest
-	9,298		Depreciation
-	(45,408)		Foreign exchange
133,837	(326,118)	11	Changes in non-cash working capital
(64,134)	(1,272,109)		
			Financing activities
161,455	197,315	8	Shares issued /subscribed
-	(65,580)		Financing costs
161,455	131,735		
			Investing activities
(113,268)	(1,969,491)		Exploration and evaluation costs
-	(311,674)		Acquisition of subsidiaries
(113,268)	(2,281,165)		
(15,947)	(3,421,539)		Change in cash
-	(35,523)		Effect of fluctuations in exchange rates
257,839	3,637,548		Cash – beginning of year
241,892	180,486		Cash – end of period

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<sup>-</sup> See accompanying notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements -

# Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

	Share capital (Number of Shares) (i)	Share capital (Amount)	Reserves – Warrants	Reserves – Options	Reserves- Foreign Currency Translation	Reserves- Other	Accumulated Deficit	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
May 31, 2017	21,756,216	9,365,158	322,680	761,687	-	-	(9,122,695)	1,326,830
Share-based payments	-	-	-	1,610	-	-	-	1,610
Loss for the period	-	-	-		-	-	(199,581)	(199,581)
February 28, 2018	21,756,216	9,365,158	322,680	763,297	-	-	(9,322,276)	1,128,859
Shares issued for exploration and evaluation interests	40,000	4,400		-	-	-	-	4,400
Loss for the period	-	-		-	-	-	(378,206)	(378,206)
Shares issued on acquisition Shares issued net of share	4,972,521	546,977		-	-	-	-	546,977
issuance costs Shares issued on exercise of	34,772,727	3,585,817		-	-	-	-	3,585,817
warrants	12,000	6,000		-	-	-	-	6,000
Foreign currency translation	-	-		-	1,722	-	-	1,722
May 31, 2018	48,499,732	13,508,352	322,680	763,297	1,722	_	(9,700,482)	4,895,569
Share-based payments	-	-	-	573,217	-	-	-	573,217
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,511,895)	(1,511,895)
Shares to be issued	-	-	-	-	-	197,315	-	197,315
Net monetary gain	-	-	-	-	128,963	-	-	128,963
Foreign currency translation	-		-	-	(447,501)	-	-	(447,501)
February 28, 2019	48,499,732	13,508,352	322,680	1,336,514	(316,816)	197,315	(11,212,377)	3,835,668

<sup>(</sup>i) refer to Note 1 for detail on share consolidation undertaken during the year ended May 31, 2018

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

New Dimension Resources Ltd. (the "Company") is incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, Canada. The Company's corporate office is at Suite 1020, 625 Howe St, Vancouver V6C 1H2 with the registered address and records office being located at 8681 Clay Street, Mission, British Columbia.

The Company engages primarily in the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in Canada and Argentina.

During the year ended May 31, 2018, the Company consolidated its share capital on the basis of 2.5 to 1. All share, per share, stock option, share purchase warrant and other share information has been retroactively presented on a post-consolidated basis.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019 (the "interim financial statements") have been prepared on the assumption that the Company is a going concern, meaning that it will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of operations. The Company has incurred a deficit of \$11,212,377 at February 28, 2019 and has no current source of revenue. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to attain profitable operations and generate funds therefrom and/or raise funds sufficient to meet current and future obligations. There can be no assurances that management's future plans for the Company will be successful. The Company will require additional financing in order to fund working capital requirements and conduct additional acquisitions, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties. While the Company has been successful in securing financings in the past, there is no assurance that it will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that such financing will be available on acceptable terms. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary, should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## 2. Basis of Presentation

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting.

The interim financial statements do not include certain information and disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2018 (the "Annual Financial Statements"), which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee. The accounting policies used in these interim financial statements are consistent with those disclosed in the Annual Financial Statements except as detailed below.

# Hyperinflationary reporting

During the period Argentina was officially considered a hyperinflationary economy, and as a result *IAS 29 – Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies* ("IAS 29") was applied with effect from June 1, 2018 to NDR's subsidiaries Minera Mariana Argentina SA and Sierra Blanca SA, as the standard requires that the financial statements of a subsidiary entity that has the functional currency of a hyper-inflationary economy be restated in accordance with IAS 29 before being included in the consolidated financial statements.

Accordingly, adjustments and reclassifications for the purposes of presentation of IFRS financial statements include restatement, in accordance with changes in general purchasing power of the functional currency (Argentinean pesos), and as a result, are stated in terms of the measuring unit at the end of the reporting period. The measuring unit used is the Wholesale Price Index as published the Government Board of the Argentine Federation of Professional Councils of Economic Sciences ("FACPCE").

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 2. Basis of Presentation- continued

The Wholesale Prince Index for each month during the period as published by the FACPCE is detailed below:

Month	Wholesale Price Index
June	144.81
July	149.30
August	155.10
September	165.24
October	174.15
November	179.64
December	184.26
January	189.61
February	196.75

Monetary assets and liabilities are not restated because they are already expressed in terms of the monetary unit current as at February 28, 2019. Non-monetary assets and liabilities (items which are not already expressed in terms of the monetary unit as at February 28, 2019) are restated by applying the relevant index.

The application of IAS 29 results in an adjustment for the loss of purchasing power of the Argentinean peso. The resulting net monetary loss/gain is derived as the difference resulting from restatement of non-monetary assets and liabilities, equity and items in the Statement of Comprehensive Income or Loss. The net monetary gain of \$128,963; resulting from a monetary gain of \$370,873 in relation to the restatement of non-monetary assets and liabilities, offset by a monetary loss of \$241,910 relating to the restatement of income and expenditure items, has been recorded in Other Comprehensive Income in the Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Income or Loss for the period ending February 28, 2019.

Under IAS 29, if a group with a subsidiary which has a functional currency that has become hyper-inflationary in the current interim reporting period, there is not a requirement to restate previously issued interim reports, the inflation adjustment is treated as a non-adjusting post-balance sheet event in relation to prior reporting periods, and as a result comparative balances have not been restated for the effect of inflation.

Balances included in the Statement of Cash Flows have been adjusted to reflect the application of IAS 29, and as a result the balances presented in the cash flow will differ from the actual cash flows at the time of the transaction. The requisite Wholesale Price Index has been applied to relevant movements in the period and the resulting impact is reflected in the foreign exchange movement in the Statement of Cash Flows.

# **Principles of Consolidation**

The interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its 100% controlled entities as follows:

Entity	Country of Incorporation	Functional Currency
Minera Mariana Argentina S. A.	Argentina	Argentinean Peso
Sierra Blanca S.A.	Argentina	Argentinean Peso
NDR Guernsey Limited	Guernsey	Canadian dollar
NDR Holdings Limited	Guernsey	Canadian dollar
New Dimension Guernsey Limited	Guernsey	Canadian dollar
Mariana International Limited	Guernsey	Canadian dollar
Dimension Resources (USA) Inc.	U.S.A.	Canadian dollar

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 2. Basis of Presentation- continued

#### **Change in Accounting Policies – Financial Instruments**

On July 24, 2014, the IASB issued the completed *IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"), to come into effect on January1,2018 with early adoption permitted. IFRS 9 includes finalized guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Under IFRS 9, financial assets are classified and measured either at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") based on the business model in which they are held and the characteristics of their contractual cash flows. IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in *IAS 39 Financial Instruments: recognition and measurement*, for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities.

The Company adopted IFRS 9 on May 1, 2018. Due to the nature of its financial instruments, the adoption of IFRS 9 had no impact on the opening accumulated deficit balance on June 1, 2018. The impact on the classification and measurement of its financial instruments is set out below. All financial assets not classified at amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company can irrevocably designate a financial asset at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- i) It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows associated with the financial asset instead of selling the financial asset for a profit or loss;
- ii) Its contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position. Subsequent measurement of financial instruments is based on their classification. Financial assets and liabilities classified at FVTPL are measured at fair value with changes in those fair values recognized in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the year. Financial assets classified at amortized cost and financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

The following table summarizes the classification and measurement changes under IFRS 9 for each financial instrument:

Asset /Liability	Original classification	New classification	
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	
Amounts receivable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	
Payables and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	
Contractual Obligation payable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost	

The original carrying value of the Company's financial instruments under IAS 39 has not changed under IFRS 9.

#### **Approval**

These interim financial statements of the Company were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 29, 2019.

#### **Historical cost**

These interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value and balances related to the Argentinean subsidiaries that have applied IAS 29 during the period.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 2. Basis of Presentation- continued

#### **Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the period.

Although management uses historical experiences and its best knowledge of the amount, events or actions to form the basis for judgments and estimates, actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and further periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The most significant accounts that require estimates as the basis for determining the stated amounts include exploration and evaluation assets, the valuation of share-based payments, the valuation of other income on deferred premiums, the valuation of the contractual obligation payable, the valuation of amounts receivable from governments and the valuation of deferred tax amounts.

Critical judgments exercised in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

# (i) Economic recoverability and probability of future benefits of exploration and evaluation costs.

Management has determined that exploration, evaluation and related costs incurred which were capitalized may have future economic benefits and may be economically recoverable. Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefits including geologic and other technical information, history of conversion of mineral deposits with similar characteristics to its own properties to proven and probable mineral reserves, the quality and capacity of existing infrastructure facilities, evaluation of permitting and environmental issues and local support for the project.

#### (ii) Valuation of share-based payments

The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model for valuation of share-based payments. Option pricing models require the input of subjective assumptions including expected price volatility, interest rates and forfeiture rate. Changes in the input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and Company's earnings and equity reserves.

## (iii) Income taxes

In assessing the probability of realizing income tax assets, management makes estimates related to expectations of future taxable income, applicable tax opportunities, expected timing of reversals of existing temporary differences and the likelihood that tax positions taken will be sustained upon examination by applicable tax authorities. In making its assessments, management gives additional weight to positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified.

# (iv) Non-cash transactions

Generally, the valuation of non-cash transactions is based on the value of the goods or services received. When this cannot be determined, it is based on the fair value of non-cash consideration.

When non-cash transactions are entered into with employees and those providing similar services, the non-cash transactions are measured at the fair value of the consideration given up using market prices.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 2. Basis of Presentation- continued

#### (v) Oher income on deferred premiums

The Company calculates the value of the other income on the deferred premiums based on exploration expenditures incurred which qualify for Canadian Exploration Expenses.

## (vi) Functional currency

The Company has evaluated the economic environment its entities operate in and determined that the functional currency of its Argentinian subsidiaries is the Argentinian peso and that the functional currency of its other entities, including the parent is the Canadian dollar.

# (vii) Contractual obligation payable

During the year the Company entered into a contractual obligation to pay up to \$400,000 per year for a period of up to 15 years to acquire certain assets in Argentina. The Company has assessed the contractual obligation payable for the acquisition of the Argentinian assets as being more likely than not to not continue past 5 years.

## (viii) Hyperinflation reporting

The application of IAS 29 during the period has required the Company to use judgment in the assessment and classification of items as monetary and non-monetary, and the selection and application of the inflation index used to calculate the net monetary impact in the period with regard to its Argentinean subsidiaries.

# **New Accounting Policies and Pronouncements**

The following are the accounting standards issued but not effective that the Company believes could be significant.

#### • IFRS 16 - Leases

Effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2019, this new standard eliminates the classification of leases as either operating or finance leases and introduces a single lessee accounting model which requires the lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of longer than 12 months. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the standard is expected to have on its financial statements

# 3. Receivables

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
HST/GST receivable	1,750	18,957
Other receivables	52,922	34,195
Current portion of IVA receivable	236,493	119,144
	291,165	172,296
Non-current portion of IVA receivable	512,511	476,576

## 4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018	
	\$	\$	
Accounts payable	276,361	878,412	
Accrued liabilities	392,331	86,520	
	668,692	964,932	

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 5. Financial Instruments

#### **Categories of financial instruments**

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
FVTPL		
Cash	180,486	3,637,549
Loans and receivables		
Receivables	803,676	648,872
	984,162	4,286,421
Financial liabilities		_
Other financial liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	668,692	964,932
Other liabilities	88,775	-
Contractual obligation payable	1,907,607	1,878,710
	2,665,074	2,843,642

#### Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company's classifications of financial instruments within the fair value hierarchy are summarized below:

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018	
	\$	\$	
Level 1			
Cash	180,486	3,637,549	
Level 2	-	-	
Level 3	-	-	
	180,486	3,637,549	

The carrying value of receivables and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and contractual obligation payable approximate their fair value.

## Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks. The risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below.

#### a) Currency Risk

The Company is primarily exposed to currency fluctuations relative to the Canadian dollar through expenditures that are predominantly denominated in US dollars and Argentinean Pesos. Also, the Company is exposed to the impact of currency fluctuations on its monetary assets and liabilities.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 5. Financial Instruments (continued)

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk through the following financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Canadian dollars:

February 28, 2019	Cash	Receivables	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
	\$	\$	\$
US dollars	8,580	-	13,162
Australian dollars	-	-	27,500
British pounds	-	-	22,835
Argentinean peso	5,102	738,280	186,598
May 31, 2018	Cash	Receivables	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities
	\$	\$	\$
US dollars	1,083,408	-	308,085
Argentinean peso	16,052	629,914	180,380

At February 28, 2019 with other variables unchanged a +/- 10% change in exchange rates would decrease/increase pretax loss by \$50,187.

# b) Interest rate and credit risk

The Company has a positive cash balance and no interest-bearing debt. The Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk arising from operations. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by reputable financial institutions with which it keeps its bank accounts and management believes the risk of loss to be remote. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks. As at February 28, 2019 and May 31, 2018 the Company did not hold any short-term investments or cash equivalents.

Receivables consist of goods and services tax due from the governments of Canada and Argentina. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to receivables is limited.

# c) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash balances. Liquidity requirements are managed based on expected cash flows to ensure that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term obligations. As at February 28, 2019, the Company had cash of \$180,486 (May 31, 2018 - \$3,637,549) to settle current liabilities of \$1,138,988 (May 31, 2018 - \$1,356,432). Of these current liabilities \$381,521 relates to the contractual obligation payable that can be settled in shares or cash. A balance of \$245,720 owing to related parties has been agreed with each party to continue to be deferred until a later date. The Company closed a private placement on March 8, 2019. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

#### d) Commodity Price risk

The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration or development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market prices of gold and silver. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

Expressed in Canadian Dollars Unaudited

#### 6. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Las Calandrias Santa Cruz,	Los Cisnes, Santa Cruz, Argentina	Sierra Blanca, Santa	Savant Lake, Ontario, Canada	Total
	Argentina		Cruz, Argentina		Total
	\$	\$	Argentina \$	\$	\$
<b>Balance, May 31, 2017</b>	-	-	-	1,125,280	1,125,280
Camp, travel, administration					, ,
and other costs	_	-	_	4,145	4,145
Geologists and data collection	-	-	-	2,708	2,708
Balance February 28, 2018	-	-	-	1,132,133	1,132,133
Acquisition and tenure	1,683,777	280,630	280,629	24,400	2,269,436
Camp, travel, administration					
and other costs	30,952	4,806	412	-	-
Geologists and data collection	9,057	5,357	-	-	14,414
Balance, May 31, 2018	1,723,786	290,793	281,041	1,156,533	3,452,153
Acquisition and tenure	-	-	-	3,375	3,375
Camp, travel, administration					
and other costs	247,715	62,637	22,452	33,545	366,349
Geologists and data	381,835	151,659	25,313		
collection				14,738	573,545
Drilling and assay costs	706,413	348,882	-	28,059	1,083,354
Balance February 28, 2019	3,059,749	853,971	328,806	1,236,250	5,478,776

Included in the exploration and evaluation additions in Argentina for the nine months ending February 28, 2019 is an IAS29 adjustment of \$369,513. This has been included as a net monetary gain in Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) in the Statement of Income or Loss as at February 28, 2019. Refer to Note 2 for further details.

## Las Calandrias Santa Cruz, Argentina

The Company has a 100% interest in the Las Calandrias gold-silver property, subject to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty ("NSR") payable to Sandstorm ("SSL") and a 0.25% NSR payable to certain employees. Both NSR's would be payable in the event of future commercial production of gold and/or silver being achieved.

# Los Cisnes, Santa Cruz, Argentina

The Company has a 100% interest in the Los Cisnes gold-silver property, subject to a 2% NSR payable to SSL in the event of future commercial production of gold and/or silver being achieved

#### Sierra Blanca, Santa Cruz, Argentina

The Company has a 100% interest in the Sierra Blanca gold-silver property subject to a 2% NSR payable to SSL and a 1.5% NSR payable to IAMGOLD Corporation. Both NSR's would be payable in the event of future commercial production of gold and/or silver being achieved.

#### Savant Lake Property, Ontario, Canada

Effective April 1, 2016, the Company entered into an agreement to earn a 100% interest in the Savant Lake Property, in Ontario.

On March 29, 2019 the Company completed the third anniversary cash payment of \$30,000 and issued the balance of NDR shares owing under the terms of the agreement in order to continue to earn into its 100% interest in the Savant Lake property. The Company has met all of its share commitments and has one final cash payment of \$30,000 which will be due on, or before, April 1, 2020 in order to complete the earn-in. Refer to Note 13 for further details.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the three and nine months ended February 28, 2019

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#### **6.** Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

The property is subject to a 2% NSR, of which 1% can be purchased for \$1,000,000.

Domain Project, Manitoba, Canada

The Domain Project consists of a 3 mineral claims in northern Manitoba. The Company currently holds a 29.56% interest in the property, with the remaining interest held by Yamana Gold Inc. Capitalized costs related to the property were written off during the year ended May 31, 2013.

# 7. Contractual Obligation Payable

The Company has a contractual obligation payable of \$1,907,607 in relation to its acquisition of its interests in the Las Calandrias, Los Cisnes and Sierra Blanca gold-silver projects in Santa Cruz province, Argentina.

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Current	381,521	391,500
Non-current	1,526,086	1,487,210
	1,907,607	1,878,710

The contractual obligation requires the Company to make annual payments of up to \$400,000 per year in either cash or shares until the earlier of:

- December 31, 2032,
- commencement of commercial production,
- expropriation of the properties or
- the Company returns a project in accordance with the terms of the acquisition agreement

Annul payments are due on the anniversary date of the acquisition of its interests in the Las Calandrias, Los Cisnes and Sierra Blanca projects, being May 14, 2018. Management has assessed that the contractual obligation period will not extend beyond five years. Management considered the above terms of the agreement and the expected timeline for completion regarding each potential end to the obligation payments in making this judgment. The Company has therefore recognized the net present value of its obligation over five years, using an average discount rate of 2.05%.

During the nine months ended February 28, 2019 the Company recorded interest expense of \$28,797. (2018:nil) and \$9,599 for the three months ending February 28, 2019 in relation to the contractual obligation payable.

#### 8. Share Capital and Reserves

(i) Authorized share capital Unlimited common shares without par value.

On March 8, 2019, the Company announced its completion of a Private Placement. An amount of \$197,315 was receipted prior to the closing of the Private Placement. (Refer to Note 13).

#### (ii) Stock options

Under the terms of the Company's stock option plan, the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be outstanding is equivalent to 10% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company. In addition, the number of shares which may be reserved for issuance to any one individual may not exceed 5% of the issued shares on a yearly basis or 2% if the optionee is engaged in investor relations activities or if the optionee is a consultant.

The vesting periods of options outstanding range from immediately to one year and maximum terms of options are set at 5 years from the grant date.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

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#### 8. Share Capital and Reserves (continued)

On June 4, 2018, the Company granted 3,350,000 stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of 5 years. On October 18, 2018, the Company granted an aggregate of 250,000 incentive stock options to one director and one officer of the Company. The stock options are exercisable at a price of \$0.15 per share and will have a term of 5 years.

Each stock option will allow the holder to purchase one common share of the Company. All stock options granted are subject to staged vesting periods.

#### a) Movements in stock options during the period:

		Weighted
	Options	Average
	Outstanding	Exercise Price
Balance, May 31, 2017	550,284	\$0.40
Cancelled/expired	(26,284)	\$2.63
Balance, February 28, 2018	524,000	
Balance, May 31, 2018	524,000	\$0.30
Expired	(40,000)	\$0.25
Granted	3,600,000	\$0.24
Balance, February 28, 2019	4,084,000	\$0.25

#### b) Fair value of options granted

During the nine months ended February 28, 2019 a total value of \$573,217 (2018 - \$1,610) and \$80,468 for the three months ending February 28, 2019 (2018:nil) has been recorded to reserves – options and to share based payments expense. The portion of share-based payments recorded is based on the vesting schedule of the options.

On October 18, 2018 the Company granted an aggregate of 250,000 incentive stock options to one director and one officer of the Company. The fair value of these options granted was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following weighted average assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	1.75%
Expected dividend yield	nil
Expected stock price volatility	216.58%
Expected life	5
Expected forfeiture rate	nil

On June 4, 2018, the Company granted 3,350,000 stock options to directors, officers, employees and consultants at a price of \$0.25 per share for a period of 5 years. The fair value of the options granted was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following weighted average assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate	1.75%
Expected dividend yield	nil
Expected stock price volatility	217.79%
Expected life	5
Expected forfeiture rate	nil

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## 8. Share Capital and Reserves (continued)

# c) Stock options outstanding

			Remaining	
Options	Options	Price per	contractual life	
Outstanding	Exercisable	Share	(years)	Expiry date
282,600	282,600	\$ 0.25	1.20	May 11, 2020
141,400	141,400	\$ 0.38	2.22	May 19, 2021
60,000	60,000	\$ 0.34	3.07	March 27, 2022
3,350,000	1,675,000	\$ 0.25	4.26	June 4, 2023
250,000	125,000	\$ 0.15	4.64	October 18, 2023
4,084,000	2,284,000			

The weighted average exercise price of the options exercisable at February 28, 2019 is \$0.26.

# (iii) Share purchase warrants

# a) Movements in warrants during the period:

	Warrants	Weighted Average
	Outstanding	Exercise Price
Balance, May 31, 2017 and February 28,		
2018	2,246,549	\$0.50
Exercised	(12,000)	\$0.50
Expired	(947,288)	\$0.50
Balance, May 31, 2018	1,287,260	\$0.50
Expired	(1,287,260)	\$0.50
Balance, February 28, 2019	-	-

As part of the private placement completed on March 8, 2019 the Company issued 7,062,350 warrants.

Refer to Note 13 for further details.

# 9. Related Party Transactions

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of the transactions between the Company and other related parties are disclosed below.

# a) Related party transactions

The Company incurred the following transactions in the normal course of operations in connection with an officer and/or director or companies which have or had a director and/or officers in common.

	Nine months ended	Nine months ended
	February 28, 2019	February 28, 2018
	\$	\$
Rent	4,800	7,200
Consulting	334,081	15,355
Salary costs	117,589	4,500
Share-based payments	464,779	=

# **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

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# 9. Related Party Transactions (continued)

# b) Related party balances

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
ER Global – Eric Roth - Chief Executive Officer	150,000	47,573
Genco Professional Services Sharon Cooper –		
Chief Financial Officer*	26,420	-
Wayne Johnstone – Chief Financial Officer	3,360	36,509
Scott Heffernan	19,800	20,000
Mary Little	9,900	-
Glen Parsons	19,800	-
John Wenger	19,800	52,500
Charles Russell	20,830	-
Brenda Nowak – Corporate Secretary	10	34,125

<sup>\*</sup> appointed October 18, 2018

# c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration for the services of key management personnel during the nine months was as follows:

		Nine months ended February 28, 2019	Nine months ended February 28, 2018
		\$	\$
Salary/Exploration/Consulting	(i)	348,340	19,855
Share based payments		247,504	-

<sup>(</sup>i) Key management personnel were not paid post-employment benefits, termination benefits or other long-term benefits during the nine months ended February 28, 2019 and 2018.

# 10. Segmented Information

The Company's business consists of one reportable segment – the acquisition, exploration and evaluation of mineral properties. Details on a geographic basis are as follows:

	February 28, 2019	May 31, 2018
	\$	\$
Total Non-current long-lived assets		
Canada	1,236,250	1,156,533
South America	4,242,526	2,295,620
	5,478,776	3,452,153

	Nine months ended February 28, 2019 \$	Nine months ended February 28, 2018 \$
Gain/(Loss)		
Canada	(1,023,609)	(199,857)
South America	(258,084)	-
Europe	(230,202)	-
	(1,511,895)	(199,857)

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

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## 11. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Nine months ended February 28, 2019	Nine months ended February 28, 2018
Changes in non-cash working capital	*	<u> </u>
Movement in receivables	(118,869)	85,037
Movement in prepaid expenses	(18,160)	(13,310)
Movement in accounts payable and accrued		
liabilities	(189,089)	62,110
	(326,118)	133,837
	Nine months ended February 28, 2019 \$	Nine months ended February 28, 2018
Schedule of non-cash investing and financing transactions:	Ψ	Ψ
Exploration and evaluation expenditures		
included in accounts payable	107,416	-
Contractual obligation payable	28,797	-

# 12. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration and evaluation of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure for its projects for the benefit of its stakeholders. As the Company is in the exploration stage, its principal source of funds is from the issuance of common shares.

In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, enter into joint venture property arrangements, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. There have been no changes to the management of capital during the fiscal year. There are no external requirements imposed on the Company regarding its capital management.

The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash and cash equivalents in highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations.

The Company expects to require additional financings to carry out its exploration and evaluation plans and operations through its current operating period.

#### **Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

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#### 13. Subsequent events

On March 8, 2019, the Company announced the closing of its previously announced private placement of 13,374,100 units at \$0.055. Gross proceeds of \$735,575 will be used for exploration activities and general working capital. The units are comprised of one common share and one half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant enabling the holder to acquire one additional common share at \$0.125 during the first 18 months and \$0.25 thereafter until expiry March 8, 2022. The warrants will be further subject to accelerated expiry terms. Namely, the Company has the right to accelerate expiry of the warrants if the closing price of Company's shares equals or exceeds \$0.25 per common share for 10 consecutive trading days during the first 18 months, or \$0.50 per common share thereafter.

The Company paid an aggregate fee of \$20,641 and issued 375,300 finders warrants under the same terms and conditions of the unit warrants, to certain persons who introduced subscribers to the Company. All securities issued under the placement are subject to a four month hold period trade restriction expiring July 9, 2019.

On March 29, 2019 the Company paid \$30,000 and issued the balance of NDR shares owing, as detailed under the agreement, to continue to earn into a 100% interest in the Savant Lake project in Ontario, Canada. Refer to Note 6 for further details.